

ICC Reparation Programme in the Mr Ahmad Al Faqi Al Mahdi Case



Mr Ahmad Al Faqi Al Mahdi was convicted as a co-perpetrator for the war crime consisting in intentionally directing attacks against religious and historic buildings in Timbuktu, Mali, in June and July 2012.

€2,7M

Total liability amount of Mr Ahmad Al Faqi Al Mahdi: EUR 2,700,000, of which **EUR 577,669** was allocated to individual reparations and EUR 2,122,331 to collective reparations.



Each step of design and implementation has involved locally based decision-making mechanisms composed of female and male representatives of each segment of the community of Timbuktu, to ensure inclusion and ownership. Cooperation and engagement with local and national authorities has been essential to ensuring the sustainability of the reparations and their integration into the overall efforts of the Malian authorities for peace and development.



Three categories of victims were recognised by the judges of the International Criminal Court: those with an exclusive link to the protected buildings, whether moral and/or economic; the community of Timbuktu; and the Malian population and the international community.

1691

1,691 people were recognised as eligible for individual reparations by the judges of the International Criminal Court. As of 31 December 2024, the ICC TFV had finalised payment for 1,688 people (902 women and 786 men). Three people remain unreachable despite efforts to locate them.



Various measures were taken to ensure the fullest participation of women in the community, including a gender action plan (providing, among other things, for positive actions, quotas, women's focus groups, staff training, and the establishment of gender focal points). These measures resulted in the meaningful participation of women, both in decision-making and in the benefit of reparations.

Three modalities of collective reparations are implemented to repair the harm suffered by the community of Timbuktu:



- Economic reparation facility
- Commemoration facility
- Cultural heritage restoration facility

The TFV collaborates with three partners for the implementation of 42 collective measures: CFOGRAD, the CIDEAL Foundation and UNESCO.



The total liability amount was funded through earmarked voluntary contributions from Canada, Norway, Germany, Italy, and the United Kingdom, as well as unrestricted contributions from other States.



- 100% of individual reparations have been executed
- 100% of symbolic reparations have been executed
- 98% of collective reparations have been executed



Symbolic reparations: On 30 March 2021, the ICC TFV and the Malian authorities jointly organised the ceremony for the award of a symbolic euro to the Republic of Mali on behalf of the Malian population and to UNESCO on behalf of the international community, given that the destroyed buildings belonged to Malian and world cultural heritage.



Film sur le programme de réparations Ahmad Al Faqi Al Mahdi



Film Al Walidji sur le rôle et la signification des édifices protégés

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The Trust Fund for Victims at the ICC contributes to fulfill the principles of reparative justice established in the Rome Statute by implementing measures that recognise and redress the harm caused by genocide, crimes against humanity, war crimes and crimes of aggression on victims and their families. For more information about the Trust Fund for Victims, please contact trustfundforvictims@icc-cpi.int or visit www.trustfundforvictims.org. You can also follow TFV's activities on [X](#), [LinkedIn](#), [Bluesky](#) and [Facebook](#).